FUJITSU TEN GROUP

FUJITSU TEN LIMITED
Established 25 October 1974  Capital: 50 billion yen  Number of Employees: 2,651

Domestic
Manufacturing
TOCHIGI FUJITSU TEN LIMITED
Established 1 January 1967  Capital: 60 million yen  Number of Employees: 600
Sales
FUJITSU TEN EAST JAPAN SALES LIMITED
Established 13 December 1966  Capital: 60 million yen  Number of Employees: 100
FUJITSU TEN CHUBU SALES LIMITED
Established 1 April 1964  Capital: 30 million yen  Number of Employees: 40
FUJITSU TEN WEST JAPAN SALES LIMITED
Established 1 April 1964  Capital: 30 million yen  Number of Employees: 60
Other
FUJITSU TEN ACTIV LIMITED
Established 7 July 1992  Capital: 40 million yen  Number of Employees: 81
FUJITSU TEN RESEARCH LIMITED
Established 2 November 1996  Capital: 10 million yen  Number of Employees: 21
FUJITSU TEN INFORMATION SYSTEMS LIMITED
Established 1 October 1999  Capital: 30 million yen  Number of Employees: 89
FUJITSU TEN STAPE LIMITED
Established 1 February 2003  Capital: 30 million yen  Number of Employees: 116
FUJITSU TEN TECHNOLOGY LIMITED
Established 6 March 2003  Capital: 30 million yen  Number of Employees: 66

Overseas
Manufacturing
FTECA (FUJITSU TEN CORP. OF AMERICA) (United States)
Established: 26 August 1976  Capital: 11 million USD  Number of Employees: 299
FTEU (FUJITSU TEN (EUROPE) GmbH) (Europe)
Established: 14 February 1996  Capital: 2.6 million EUR  Number of Employees: 726
FTEC (FUJITSU TEN CORPORATION OF THE PHILIPPINES) (Philippines)
Established: 17 August 1996  Capital: 130 million PHP  Number of Employees: 1,000
TANAN FUJITSU TEN ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. (China)
Established: 21 December 1995  Capital: 6.72 million RMB  Number of Employees: 1,700
FTTL (FUJITSU TEN (THAILAND) CO., LTD.) (Thailand)
Established: 11 August 1996  Capital: 200 million THB  Number of Employees: 259
FUJITSU TEN ELECTRONICS (WAG.) LTD. (China)
Established: 21 February 2004  Capital: 10 million RMB  Number of Employees: 120
Sales/other
FTMI (FUJITSU TEN CANADA INC.) (Canada)
Established: 20 September 1965  Capital: 50 thousand USD  Number of Employees: 7
ETUK (ECLIPSE TECHNOLOGY U.K.)
Established: 26 November 2001  Capital: 3.5 million GBP  Number of Employees: 2
FTBC (FUJITSU TEN (EUROPE) GmbH) (Germany)
Established: 29 December 1975  Capital: 500 thousand DEM  Number of Employees: 32
FTTCN (FUJITSU TEN TECHNOLOGY CENTER) (United States)
Established: 1 October 2002  Capital: 1 million USD  Number of Employees: 27
FTISP (FUJITSU TEN SOFTWARE PHILIPPINES INC.) (Philippines)
Established: 31 August 1999  Capital: 30 million PHP  Number of Employees: 157
FTTL (FUJITSU TEN (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD.) (Singapore)
Established: 17 January 1996  Capital: 3.5 million SGD  Number of Employees: 29
FTAL (FUJITSU TEN (AUSTRALIA) PTY. LTD.) (Australia)
Established: 17 January 1996  Capital: 300 thousand AUC  Number of Employees: 30
UAA (UNIVERSAL AUDIO AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.) (Australia)
Established: 1 August 2003  Capital: 200 thousand AUC  Number of Employees: 12
FTTH (FUJITSU TEN TRADING (TANANI LTD.) (China)
Established: 12 September 2003  Capital: 200 thousand RMB  Number of Employees: 12
FTTR (FUJITSU TEN RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT (TANANI LTD.) (China)
Established: 21 November 2003  Capital: 2.1 million USD  Number of Employees: 25

Social Efforts Report
Environmental Report
Economic Report

Published August 2004
Next edition scheduled for July 2005

Printed by Toppan Printing Company
Message from the President

In the 21st century, business activities in the manufacturing industry are becoming increasingly globalized, with procurement, production and sales occurring in many countries. At the same time, concerns about the environment will have a large impact on manufacturing in the future. Fears about the worsening global environment grow, and international efforts to establish regulations to prevent global warming and create systems for recycling-based societies are increasing. In spite of this, signs of improvement are still not easy to see at this time. The most important issue for human society is to balance economic development and environmental protection. As consciousness of this fact grows, businesses in the automotive industry, in particular, will be expected to make even greater efforts to reduce the environmental impacts of automobiles through environmental management.

As a global supplier of automobile parts, we at Fujitsu Ten are following a business vision that appears to the people of the world. In this vision, we imagine and create bountiful lifestyles and a car society that has a sense of the future. Through innovation of the human interface of automobiles, creating a better relationship between cars and people, we can ensure safety and reliability, create comfortable mobile spaces and protect the global environment. In particular, we believe we can fulfill the role of an environmental leader by contributing to the reduction of environmental impacts of automobiles through the development of green products and with the concern that we give the environment in the making of products.

For environmental management, viewed with the three considerations of economy, environment and society, whether or not sustainable development can be achieved is becoming an important issue. We are working on the development of green products, an environmental issue that is product specific, and for concern for the environment in the making of products, an environmental issue that has effects at both local and global levels. In addition, we will put our energy into management that handles the issues of society, including corporate ethics, community revitalization, contributions to society and cultural activities. We are also strengthening and expanding our partnerships with other companies, communities and groups.

We hope that you will lend us your support and understanding for our environmental management efforts at Fujitsu Ten.

For this year's edition we have changed the title to the FUJITSU TEN GROUP Sustainability Report. In order to convey the breadth of our intentions and efforts, we have also added coverage of other efforts we make on behalf of our employees and society, including legal compliance, our personnel system, and occupational safety and health, to complement the information about our environmental efforts. We will be happy if this report helps you understand the state of the environmental management of the Fujitsu Ten Group.

If you have any thoughts about our activities, we would be pleased to hear your frank opinions.

August 2004

Takamitsu Tauchimoto
President and Representative Director

Corporate Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>Fujitsu Ten Limited</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Locations</td>
<td>2-28, Gasahodai-1-Chome, Higashikatsushika-ku, Osaka 559-8510, Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-28, Gasahodai-1-Chome, Higashikatsushika-ku, Osaka 559-8510, Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2101, Nakajima-machi, Funabashi-shi, Chiba 273-0807, Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tel: +81-77-671-0041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tel: +81-77-671-0048</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tel: +81-77-671-0051</td>
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<tr>
<td>Representative</td>
<td>President and Representative Director, Takamitsu Tauchimoto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Established</td>
<td>October 28, 1972</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Activities</td>
<td>Machine and sales of entertainment equipment and car electronic devices</td>
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<tr>
<td>Main Products</td>
<td>Audio and car navigation equipments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For automotive uses: Audio-products</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Audio-video products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Navigation systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For home uses: Time Domain audio system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mobile communication radios</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Information communication-application systems: Information communication-application equipments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Car electronic devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electronic Control Units (ECU) and sensors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Millimeter-wave radar (60 GHz/76 GHz band)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital</td>
<td>¥3.3 billion (as of March 31, 2004)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Editing Policy

Purpose

While preparing the FUJITSU TEN GROUP Sustainability Report, we sought to report all of our ideas and efforts related to the economic, social and environmental aspects of our business, as well as present company information clearly and accurately.

Audience

This report is for customers, employees, suppliers, local communities, government officials and every other person who is a stakeholder in our activities.

Features of the 2004 Report

- We expanded reporting coverage to include the entire Fujitsu Ten Group.
- In addition to our environmental activities, we included reporting on some aspects of our economic and social activities. For our environmental activities in particular, we have made efforts to make information such as goals, plans and results easy to understand by using graphs and illustrations.

Basic Guidelines


Communication

We believe that the FUJITSU TEN GROUP Sustainability Report is an important tool for communication between the Fujitsu Ten Group and you. Please let us know your opinions by using the questionnaire included with this report or by otherwise contacting us.

Economic Report

The Fujitsu Ten Group puts sincerity at the heart of all of our effort and makes contribution to customers and society our corporate philosophy. We seek to grow with our customers as we develop and provide original products and services.

- Sales Volume Change (in billions of yen)
- Ordinary Profit Change (in billions of yen)
- Net Profit Change (in billions of yen)
- Total Assets Change (in billions of yen)
- Production Volume Change (in billions of yen)
- Change in Number of Employees

For details about our financial information, you can access our public financial statement and other information at the following site:
http://www.fujitsu-ten.co.jp/company/fn/denki/index/index.html
Environmental Report

1 Business Activities and Their Main Environmental Aspects

The main activities of the Fujitsu Ten Group are product development, design, manufacturing and sales of infotainment equipment (including audio and car navigation equipments) and mobile communication radiods mainly for use in automobiles, and car electronic devices.

The main environmental aspects of our main business activities and products are (a) waste materials discharge, wastewater and gas emissions, for every type (aspect) of environmental impact, and planning and promoting our efforts accordingly.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Business Activities and Products</th>
<th>Common to All Business Locations</th>
<th>Development and Planning</th>
<th>Procurement of Parts and Materials</th>
<th>Manufacturing</th>
<th>Product Logistics, Sales, and Aftercare Services</th>
<th>Product Use</th>
<th>Product Disposal (Collection and Recycling)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Consumption of energy resources</td>
<td>(1) Consumption of fuel by test vehicles</td>
<td>(1) Consumption of fuel by transport vehicles</td>
<td>(1) Electric power consumption by our manufacturing plants</td>
<td>(1) Consumption of fuel by vehicles used by logistics and sales</td>
<td>(1) Automobile fuel use (direct impact)</td>
<td>(1) Used products (good, recycling, automotive waste, shredder residue)</td>
<td>(1) Design for product energy conservation (Product Use (1))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Consumption of water resources</td>
<td>(2) Gas emissions from test vehicles</td>
<td>(2) Emission of substances that impact the environment during manufacture</td>
<td>(2) Use and emission of substances that impact the environment during manufacture</td>
<td>(2) Consumption of paper in the manufacturing of catalog and product container and packaging</td>
<td>(2) Used containers and packaging</td>
<td>(2) Recycling and reuse of used products (Product Disposable (1))</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Consumption of forest resources</td>
<td>(3) Use of natural resources, including minerals, oil and forest resources</td>
<td>(3) Consumption of fuel at time of product use</td>
<td>(3) Presence of harmful substances in product parts</td>
<td>(3) Gas emissions from vehicles used by logistics and sales</td>
<td>(3) Automobile fuel use (direct impact)</td>
<td>(3) Used products (good, recycling, automotive waste, shredder residue)</td>
<td>(3) Design for product energy conservation (Product Use (1))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) Emission of substances with environmental impacts</td>
<td>(4) Waste from containers and packaging of delivered parts and materials</td>
<td>(4) Presence of harmful substances in the secondary materials of products</td>
<td>(4) Reuse of containers and packaging from supplied parts and materials</td>
<td>(4) Used containers and packaging</td>
<td>(4) Automobile fuel use (direct impact)</td>
<td>(4) Used products (good, recycling, automotive waste, shredder residue)</td>
<td>(4) Design for product energy conservation (Product Use (1))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Environmental Aspects of Our Main Business Activities and Products and Efforts Taken to Protect the Environment

Main Efforts in the 2003 Fiscal Year:
Among our green product development, in addition to developing an all-in-one infotainment system for TV and GPS that is 90% lighter than previous products, we have also begun the use of lead-free solder in products for consumer use. In response to the continuous expansion of the scope of the European Union’s Restriction on the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive, we have taken a variety of measures to reduce the use of hazardous materials in our products.

In October 2002, 30 years from the founding of Fujitsu Ten, we carefully considered what kind of company we should become 30 years into the future. We also established the Fujitsu Ten Corporate Vision: Vision 2012, that describes what path we should follow and as a global business, what kind of company we should be for the next 10 years.

Fujitsu Ten places the environment as one of our most important management concerns. Based on this corporate vision, we established the Fujitsu Ten Group Global Environmental Charter to provide a guiding policy for our environmental endeavors and we set our Fundamental Principles, Fundamental Policies and Action Directives.

Fundamental Principles

1. Comprehensive measures
2. Throughness of basics
3. Coordination and collaboration with society

Fundamental Policies

1. Promote all environmental protection efforts that seek to minimize environmental impact
2. Apply the latest environmental technology to our products by strengthening cooperation with related companies and suppliers
3. Promote green procurement and green logistics
4. Raise the awareness of our entire staff through substantial environmental education

Action Directives

- Discontinue completely the use of lead solder in new products made beginning in July 2005
- Discontinue completely the use of parts containing hexavalent chromium by the end of 2004
- Introduce products that do not use memory in backlighting to the market by the end of fiscal 2005
- Reduce CO2 emissions by production volume to 10% less than fiscal 2002 levels by the end of fiscal 2015
- Achieve a waste recycling rate of 90% by the end of fiscal 2015
- Reduce the amount of waste disposal by production volume to 10% less than fiscal 2002 levels by the end of fiscal 2015
- Maintain a waste recycling rate of 100%

2. Fujitsu Ten Group Global Environmental Charter

In accord with the Fujitsu Ten Corporate Vision, we reexamined the Fujitsu Ten Global Environmental Charter that we created in November 1992, and, in March 2008, we replaced it with the Fujitsu Ten Group Global Environmental Charter.

We are committed to the important goal of harmony with the environment, and, by making use of our unique car electronics technology, we are making efforts on a global level to contribute to the development of both car society and an abundantly green 21st century society.

3. Environmental Effort Concept

In accord with the Fujitsu Ten Group Global Environmental Charter, the Fujitsu Ten Group has made “Green Life 21: Making Everything Green” the key theme of our environmental efforts in every business area.

Environmental Effort Concept

- Realization of zero waste emission factories
- Promote measures to prevent global warming
- Promote observance of laws and regulations

- Promote reliance of the use of environmentally friendly materials and products
- Development of technologies that contribute to the environment and the provision of green products
- Improvement of environmental assessment
- Promote eco-design
- Development of essential technology for green products

4. Goals, Results and Evaluation

In March 2003, in order to realize concretely the items set in the Fujitsu Ten Group Global Environmental Charter, we prepared and announced the 4th Fujitsu Ten Group Environmental Action Plan, which has fiscal 2005 as its final year of completion.

The results for fiscal 2003 are presented below, including some goals that were missed.

4th Environmental Action Plan: Goals and Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Main Theme of Action</th>
<th>Action Plan Final Goal</th>
<th>Fiscal Year 2003 Results</th>
<th>Fiscal Year 2004 Results</th>
<th>Reference Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Phase in lead-free solder model for customer use</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td>Expand or limited use of substances prohibited from use in products</td>
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<td>Complete inspection of parts containing lead and cadmium</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td>Introduction of products that do not use memory in backlighting to the market by the end of fiscal 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td>Some inspections not completed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td>Reduction of CO2 emissions by production volume to 10% less than fiscal 2002 levels by the end of fiscal 2015</td>
<td></td>
<td>4% or more</td>
<td>7% or more</td>
<td>12</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td>Reduction of the amount of waste disposal by production volume to 10% less than fiscal 2002 levels by the end of fiscal 2015</td>
<td></td>
<td>3% or more</td>
<td>5% or more</td>
<td>13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td>Reduce the amount of waste disposal by production volume to 10% less than fiscal 2002 levels by the end of fiscal 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td>9% or more</td>
<td>10% or more</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global</td>
<td>Reduce the amount of waste disposal by production volume to 10% less than fiscal 2002 levels by the end of fiscal 2015</td>
<td></td>
<td>10% or more</td>
<td>10% or more</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: For some items, the results are based on provisional data that is estimated by the company or by a third party.
5. Environmental Accounting

Since March 2008, we have been conducting environmental accounting to identify and evaluate quantitatively the costs and the economic and material effects of environmental protection activities. So far as of 2009, we have begun including our business abroad in environmental accounting. For 2009, we have calculated the environmental costs and effects for 17 companies of the Fujitsu Ten Group.

Environmental accounting, as a part of business administration, promotes the effective reduction of environmental impacts by grasping all of the company’s environmental protection efforts. In addition, we consider this to be a valuable tool to deepen the understanding of the environmental efforts of our company. We referred to the Ministry of the Environment’s guidelines and the environmental management systems already established by other companies when creating the Fujitsu Ten Group Environmental Accounting Guidelines. In this document, we are publishing the summarized results of our environmental accounting.

In order to utilize environmental accounting fully as a management tool, however, many issues must be dealt with, including how to estimate environmental costs, how to measure the economic and material amount effects of environmental investments, which are necessary for making management decisions, and how to establish standards. Furthermore, it is necessary to improve the reliability of our accounting from the perspective of information disclosure, in addition to continuously rechecking and reevaluating our Environmental Accounting Guidelines, we will set up an internal audit system.

Results of Fiscal 2003

Fujitsu Ten Limited: Environmental costs increased 116 million yen over the previous fiscal year to 360 million yen. The main cause for the increase was the greater production and management costs associated with the development of new technologies to reduce the use of substances with environmental impacts in our products. Research and development costs increased 80 million yen while management costs increased 32 million yen.

Environmental effects increased 23 million yen over the previous fiscal year to 150 million yen. Effects of research and development for models that qualify as green products increased 6 million yen, while presumed effects from the increased number of newspaper articles about our activities increased 7 million yen.

Related Companies (Domestic): Environmental costs increased 6 million yen, including 4 million yen in research development and 2 million yen in management costs attributable to the efforts of Fujitsu Ten, Ltd.

Related Companies (Abroad): Environmental costs increased 20 million yen over the previous year to 104 million yen due to installing energy-conserving inverter equipment at FTCP (Philippines) and reevaluating labor costs at each facility. This year, environmental effects calculated for the first time were achieved for a total of 24 million yen.

Environmental Accounting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Details</th>
<th>FY2010 Ten Limited</th>
<th>Related Companies</th>
<th>Group Total</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fiscal 2003 Environmental Accounting</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Economic Costs</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pollution prevention costs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Global environmental protection costs</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Resource recycling costs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Waste management and downstream</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Management activity costs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Research and development costs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Social activity costs</td>
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<td>Environmental damage costs</td>
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<td>Environmental business costs</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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<td>Environmental Costs</td>
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<td><strong>Economic Effects</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pollution prevention effects</td>
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<tr>
<td>Global environmental protection effects</td>
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<tr>
<td>Resource recycling effects</td>
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<tr>
<td>Waste management and downstream effects</td>
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<tr>
<td>Management activity effects</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and development effects</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental damage effects</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental business effects</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Material Effects</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental impact reduction amount (FY2003 impact amount – FY2002 impact amount)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO2 Emissions (unit: t-CO2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Material Volume Effects and Environmental Impact Improvement Indicators

We are measuring environmental performance with absolute values, including environmental impacts that occur from business activities and material volume effects of our protection efforts. In addition, we are setting environmental impact improvement indicators that link significant impacts with management indicators (production volume, environmental costs). From the perspective of management, we hope to evaluate the effectiveness of our protection activities through these measurements and achieve continuous improvement of our environmental management.

Future Efforts

We will continue to promote production efficiency and production process reforms and related environmental impact reduction efforts, and reflect costs and effects in environmental accounting. Furthermore, in fiscal 2014, we will include the sales and design companies that we could not include in fiscal 2003, and conduct environmental accounting for the entire Fujitsu Ten Group.
1. Promotional Organization

In 1992, we established the Global Environment Committee and, within this, the Site Environment Subcommittee that is responsible for environmental protection as every facility in business location, and the Green Products Subcommittee that is responsible for environmental considerations for products.

2. Environmental Management System

The environmental management of the Fujitsu Ten Group, based on the ISO 14001 international standards, employs a systematic Plan/Do/Check/Action tool. In addition, while improving our responsiveness to the needs of society, and introducing environmental and management performance indicators, we are developing every stage of our business activities. Furthermore, the Fujitsu Ten Group Environmental Action Plan is being set up to enhance environmental policies and environmental management programs for each year. We are developing a detailed environmental management program that will further involve every part and every member of our company.

3. Status of ISO 14001 Certification

The Fujitsu Ten Group is seeking to achieve ISO 14001 certification for all of our production facilities. We have already completed certification of 3 facilities in Japan and 2 facilities abroad, with Fujitsu Ten Thailand obtaining ISO 14001 certification in October 2003. We are currently making efforts to achieve ISO 14001 certification for Fujitsu Ten Electronics (China), which is under construction now.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enterprise</th>
<th>Date of Certification</th>
<th>Evaluating Organization</th>
<th>Authorizing Organization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Domestic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fujitsu Ten Head Office Plant</td>
<td>24 June 1997</td>
<td>JAOC</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fujitsu Ten Honkawasawa Plant</td>
<td>25 August 1997</td>
<td>JAOC</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tsukih Plate Factory</td>
<td>21 October 1997</td>
<td>JAOC</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTOP (Philippines)</td>
<td>21 October 1998</td>
<td>TOY Thailand</td>
<td>TOY, JAB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTCA (USA)</td>
<td>17 June 1998</td>
<td>JSE</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abroad</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tsukih Fujitsu Ten Electronics (China)</td>
<td>15 December 1999</td>
<td>JSE</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTCA (Germany)*</td>
<td>2 June 2001</td>
<td>JSE</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTIL (Thailand)</td>
<td>21 October 2003</td>
<td>JSE</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fujitsu Ten Electronics (China)</td>
<td>21 October 2003</td>
<td>JSE</td>
<td>JAB, UKAS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Sales company

4. Environmental Auditing

We are implementing internal audits as part of our environmental management system. In addition, we are not only improving the state of our environmental protection efforts based on these results, but also conducting a verification of our management efforts for the year in order to improve our environmental management system continually.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Domestic Group Auditors</th>
<th>Other Auditors</th>
<th>Auditors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Abroad Group Auditors</th>
<th>Other Auditors</th>
<th>Auditors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Status of Compliance with Legal Limits

In Japan, the Fujitsu Ten Group regularly measures water quality, air, noise and vibration. In fiscal 2003, we did not have any environmental emissions that exceeded any regulatory limits of environmental laws or our own voluntary standards.

Abroad, FTIL (Thailand) exceeded the voluntary standards of its industrial park for water quality. The cause was identified as the oil in the wastewater from the cafeteria. The cafeteria staff has been instructed to clean the drainage pit twice a week and remove the oil.

6. Environmental Education

We are implementing environmental education at all levels in the company by including environmental management in our company education program. In particular, we are conducting special education programs, both introductory training and refresher courses, for staff with close responsibility for environmental management work. Staff members who are in charge of environmental management, responsible for environmental protection promotion, or involved in environmental management auditing, or even environmentally related work, train in order to gain necessary knowledge and skills.

7. Training for Emergency Measures

Since the Great Akiwa Hanabishi Earthquake Disaster in January 1996, we have been conducting training drills for employees to practice response to a simulated chemical substance leakage accident near the storage facilities. In addition to this, at work places where chemical substances are used, we conduct training for coping with spills during work. We are also implementing periodic inspections of the equipment that we have provided for handling these accidents.
8. Green Procurement

In September 2001, we created Green Procurement Guidelines in order to promote green product development, the most important issue for environmental management. These guidelines include our green procurement philosophy and goals and list the standards that parts, raw materials and secondary materials must comply with for environmentally friendly procurement. (Revisions published in 2002)

In fiscal 2003, in pursuit of achieving our final green procurement rate goals, we actively supported the creation of environmental management systems at suppliers that still lacked them. For this purpose, we used the EMS establishment handbook created in cooperation with the business partners of the Fujitsu Ten Association and other guidelines. As a result, we have achieved a green procurement rate of 99.7% (monetary basis), which is greater than our goal to exceed 99%.

- Green Procurement
  - Procurement of green parts and materials that have been made with consideration for environmental protection, including energy conservation, resource use reduction and recyclability
  - Implementation of green procurement in accordance with this standard
  - Parts, raw materials and secondary materials that do not contain substances that our company has prohibited for use


- Total Evaluation with the Addition of Performance Evaluation (Mean score 192)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score 0</th>
<th>1-20</th>
<th>21-40</th>
<th>41-50</th>
<th>51-60</th>
<th>61-70</th>
<th>71-80</th>
<th>81-90</th>
<th>91-100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pk-1</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pk-2</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pk-3</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The number of suppliers is in parenthesis

- Environmental Management System Evaluation (Mean score 36)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score 0</th>
<th>1-20</th>
<th>21-40</th>
<th>41-50</th>
<th>51-60</th>
<th>61-70</th>
<th>71-80</th>
<th>81-90</th>
<th>91-100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pk-1</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pk-2</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pk-3</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The number of suppliers is in parenthesis

- Environmental Contribution Awards

- In fiscal 2001, we began to give Environmental Contribution Awards to suppliers that made excellent efforts to cooperate with our goals of developing green products and reducing the environmental impact of factories. The fiscal 2003 award results are as shown on the right.
Efforts to Reduce Environmental Impacts

2. Measures to Reduce Waste

The Fujitsu Ten Group is promoting the 3Rs – Reduce, Reuse and Recycle – and achieved zero waste emissions* at all domestic production facilities by the end of January 2003. We are seeking to achieve zero waste emissions at our production facilities abroad by the end of the 2007 fiscal year.

* The Fujitsu Ten Group definition of “zero waste emissions”:
By reducing the amount of waste materials at workplaces, and by recycling and reusing the waste that does occur, we eliminate waste that is disposed of in landfills, incineration, or by other means and put it to good use.

Fiscal 2003 Goal

Global

- Reduce waste emissions amount by production volume by 9% from fiscal 2002 levels
- Achieve waste recycling amount of 88% or greater

Domestic

- Reduce waste emissions amount by production volume by 9% from fiscal 2002 levels
- Maintain waste recycling amount of 100%

Fiscal 2003 Results

Global

- Reduction of 4% from fiscal 2002 levels (goal achieved)
- Recycled amount of 88% (goal achieved)
- Reduction of 7% from fiscal 2002 levels (goal not achieved)
- Recycling rate of 100% (goal achieved)

Globally, we achieved our reduction goals for fiscal 2003, but we were unable to achieve our domestic goals because of an increase in the amount of waste from packaging from imported products received at our logistics centers. These wooden pallets, cardboard and other wastes were all recycled for their materials. Since we anticipate that the amount of packaging waste is going to continue to increase, we are promoting measures, including raising of materials internally and changing to our supply methods, in coordination with our production plans abroad.

Fiscal 2003 Results (Unit: kg)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Amount Used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>1424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2819</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Changes in Amounts of Harmful Substances Used and Basic Production Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>2002</th>
<th>2003</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic Production Unit (kg/100 million yen)</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fiscal 2003 Results

Toluenes and Xylenes Substitution Plan

- We introduced the Toluene and Xylene Substitution Plan in May 2003, as a measure to control the use of these harmful substances in our operations.

3. Measures to Reduce the Use of Harmful Substances

For all chemical products used by the company, we have created a system in which we use chemical substance safety data sheets to identify the presence of substances that are subject to management, the amount contained (%), and chemical substance assessments that identify their negative effects on the human body and their risks to the environment. We are also making efforts to identify and reduce the use of chemical products that have high environmental risks.

At present, the focus of our use reduction efforts are substances that are covered by the PRTR*, including lead, toluene, and xylene, and one VOC** (isopropyl alcohol (IPA)) substances that have been used in significant amounts.

* PRTR (Pollutant Release and Transfer Register):
A system in which the amount of harmful chemical substances released into the environment and the amounts contained in waste materials and products that are eliminated are calculated and published. The PRTR is managed by the Japanese Environment Ministry.
** VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds)
Substances that volatilize at room temperature, spread into the atmosphere and generate photocochemical reaction that damage forests, that pollute the environment as harmful chemical substances, including ortho-xylene and environmental hormones, that are harmful to ecosystems.

Fiscal 2003 Goal

- Global: Reduce the amount of PRTR-covered substances used per production volume unit by 9% from fiscal 2002 levels
- Fiscal 2003 Results
  - Global: Reduced by 13% from fiscal 2002 levels (goal achieved)

Changes in Waste Emissions Amounts and Recycling Rates per Basic Unit of Production

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal 2012</th>
<th>Fiscal 2003</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recycling amount (kg)</td>
<td>2752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final disposed amount (kg)</td>
<td>382</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recycling rate (%)</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste amount (kg)</td>
<td>3147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production volume (100 million yen)</td>
<td>1716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste rate of production volume (100 million yen)</td>
<td>183</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Waste and parts Recycling Examples

- We are working on recycling and reusing waste products and parts. We have set 40% recycling and reusing rate as our target.

3. Measures to Reduce the Use of Solder (Lead)

In order to reduce lead use, we are taking various measures to promote the development of lead-free materials and alternative technologies. In fiscal 2002, we set a goal to achieve lead-free solder on the market. In addition, to reduce the overall use of solder, we are implementing the use of surface mount devices (SMD) for electronic parts. For further details, please see the section entitled “Lead-Free Solder” on page 16.

Efforts Beginning in Fiscal 2004

- We seek to achieve the complete elimination of lead use in all of our products manufactured from July 2007. We will promote the use of alternatives, including the flow method, low melting point solder technique and electroplated parts.
5 Environmental Considerations and Contributions of Products and Technologies

The Fujitsu Ten Group established a system for Product Environmental Assessment in 1995. We implement assessments for every product from the design stage and only put into production those designs that have cleared our set of standards. Furthermore, we are promoting environmental consideration in products by implementing a system of recognizing as “green products” those that have implemented significant improvements, especially in energy and resource conservation and the elimination of harmful substances. In fiscal 2003, 27% of our newly designed products qualified as green products. (Fiscal 2002: 847/1,950 product models; Fiscal 2003: 1,958/9,905 product models)


Europe has implemented the End-of-Life Vehicle (ELV) Directive, beginning in July 2003, which, with limited exceptions, prohibits the inclusion of lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, and mercury. We had already completed the elimination of the use of lead and cadmium by July 2003. From 2004, we plan to eliminate the use of harmful substances at least one year in advance of the ELV Directive deadlines.

Periods for Restriction of Substances and the Fujitsu Ten Group’s Elimination Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parts Containing Substance</th>
<th>ELV Directive</th>
<th>Fujitsu Ten Group Goal to Eliminate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Light bulb glass</td>
<td>End of February</td>
<td>1st Conversion End of December 2004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td></td>
<td>2nd Conversion End of December 2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum for machine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processing (lead)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solder</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadmium</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexavalent chromium</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercury</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Product Environmental Information System

We created a Product Environmental Information Management System that is linked with our PDM System. About 600 designers are using it as a tool to support the development and design of green products. We are going to improve this system and use it as a means to provide automobile manufacturers with quantitative product environmental information in a timely manner.

- Lead-Free Solder

From July 2007, we intend to use lead-free solder in all new products. For this purpose, we are working on establishing new soldering methods, and changing to alternative parts. In July 2002, we put our first product with lead-free solder on the market, the Eclipse AIN302CD, and in April 2003, we used it for the first time in an all-in-one audio-visual device in equipment prepared for the Toyota Motor Corporation.

Furthermore, in March 2004, we began mass production of the first product that uses completely lead-free solder for both flow and reflow. Using this solder, we produce two models of the MBC Series of industrial use vehicle control computers for Transon Inc.

- Measures to Eliminate Hexavalent Chromium

Hexavalent chromium is used in the zinc coating of steel plates, for example, brackets and chassis, and of screws. From fiscal 2002, we began to use alternative parts that have had their quality verified. For current products, we intend to implement alternatives by December 2004 (1st Conversion).

We are still developing alternatives for some parts and intend to complete conversion for these parts that are behind schedule in our action plan by the end of 2005 and complete the elimination of hexavalent chromium in all of our products. (2nd Conversion)
3. Development of a Film Antenna for TV/GPS Units (Global First)

We created a film version of a previously freestanding GPS antenna and combined its functions with our film television antenna that had already been released as a product. As a result, we have achieved easier attachment and reduction of visibility impairment during driving, and improved views of the interior of the vehicle, as well as a weight that is approximately 10% of that of our previous product. This product was already used in our Editok Audio Visual Navigation (AVN) models sold in Japan from July 2004. We intend to employ this technology in more and more of our products in the future.

![Antenna Models](image)

4. Reduction of Packaging Size

We are reducing the amount of packaging used to ship products. Through conservation of packaging, reduction of waste after product delivery and increased transportation efficiency, fuel consumption and CO₂ emissions are reduced among other effects.

- **Cardboard for Audio Amplifiers**
  Since replaceable audio amplifiers for use by automobile manufacturers have brackets on both sides, we used a large cardboard box for their shipment in the past. We realized that since they are attached with screws, we could ship the amplifiers with the brackets still unattached, making the packaging much smaller and reducing the amount of filler material.

- **Cardboard for TV Antennas**
  For distribution of TV film antennas for dealer options, we used a common cardboard box. By using a box of a matching size, we were able to reduce the amount of cardboard and reduce the amount of filler material. Through this change, we have reduced shipping weight for this product by 34,180 kilograms per year.

5. Fuel Cell Vehicle Controller

Toyota Motor Corporation and Hino Motors, Ltd., have jointly developed the FCV-H/BU52, a large, low-floor, hybrid, fuel-cell bus. Fujitsu Ten developed and produced the hydrogen fuel tank shutoff valve controller for the FCV-H/BU52. We also developed, at the request of Toyota, the ECU that provides unified control over such operations as motor drive, electricity generation of the fuel cells and recharging of secondary batteries. The FCV-H/BU52 produces NOx or particulate matter, so it should contribute to improving the air quality, especially in cities.

- **Fuel Cell Vehicle**
  Hydrogen fuel tank shutoff valve controller

6. Introduction of Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) is the evaluation of a product's impacts on the environment at every stage of its existence from the collection of raw resources and the manufacture of materials through the fabrication of parts and product assembly to use, disposal and recycling.

Even in Japan, the number of businesses that are seriously pursuing LCA beyond the requirements of the law is increasing as companies seek to enhance green product development further. In fiscal 2003, we established life cycle assessment (LCA) implementation guidelines and began testing some products.

Many standards exist for evaluating environmental impacts, but as a first step, we measured the amounts of materials and energy used in assembly as CO₂ emissions equivalents to determine the life cycle impact of products. We will use this information to develop products that have reduced environmental impacts.

**LCA product example**

Calculation of LCA value (CO₂ emissions equivalent) for parts supplier and Fujitsu Ten

LCA Calculation Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calculation of CO₂ emissions equivalent for imported materials</th>
<th>Calculation of CO₂ emissions equivalent for parts supplier</th>
<th>Calculation of CO₂ emissions equivalent for finished product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.916</td>
<td>18.914</td>
<td>21.830</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Efforts to Contribute to the Environment and Society

At the Fujitsu Ten Group, we believe that releasing information about our environmental management is an important aspect of our corporate activities. We provide information about our environmental management to the public through this Fujitsu TEN GROUP Sustainability Report and other means.

In addition to public reporting, we are also providing information in our in-house publications and on our website in order to raise the understanding of our environmental management and make all of our employees realize that these environmental protection efforts involve everyone in the Fujitsu Ten Group.

This Fujitsu TEN GROUP Sustainability Report

We began publishing an Environmental Report, which summarizes all of our corporate environmental information in fiscal 2000. In addition to distributing it to all of our affiliates and suppliers, we provide it to visitors to our factories and others upon request. In fiscal 2004, we have added information about our environmental and social aspects of our business and published this as our Fujitsu TEN GROUP Sustainability Report.

Furthermore, in addition to publishing past Environmental Reports and this Fujitsu TEN GROUP Sustainability Report, we hold meetings and have also made them available on our company website. From fiscal 2003, we have also prepared English editions of the report, which you can find on our website.

At the Fujitsu Ten Group, we do not want to have information that flows only one-way, but rather we are actively seeking to develop two-way communication with our clients, stakeholders and the public. If you have any opinions about our environmental efforts, please visit the following URL if you have any comments or questions.

http://www.fujitsu-ten.co.jp/greentechology/

External Public Relations Record

- Implementation of Community Cleaning as an Environment Month activity (June 2003)
- Nakatsuawara Plant, implementation of 11th Community Cleaning (August 2003)

- FTTL (Thailand) established an Environmental Safety Week in December 2003, and held a Recycling Contest as an employee event. This event was held to raise awareness of the value of waste materials as resources by seeking new ideas for waste recycling. 13 ideas were developed as a result.

- FTTL (Thailand) has received ISO 14001 certification.

- Fujitsu Ten Social Contribution Foundation

The company and the labor union made contributions together to establish the Fujitsu Ten Social Contribution Foundation. Among its activities, the foundation makes donation to social welfare facilities and supports visits to these facilities by our culture and sports club. The foundation’s other activities include support for the “Ring of Love Concert” by Obo Kobo, a volunteer group, and sponsorship of concerts in and out of the company. The foundation also supports an event for employees to experience wheelchair use put on by the group Futsai Kobo. In addition, the Nakatsuawara Plant sponsors a Charity Lecture once per year and donates the proceeds to welfare facilities through the Nakatsuawara Social Welfare Association.

- Awards and Other Achievements


2. Legal Compliance

We have established the Fujitsu Ten Business Activity Directive as internal rules to develop thorough awareness among employees and promote legal compliance in every business activity.

3. Risk Management

We are promoting risk management at every facility and in every division to cope with any potential risk, including those related to natural disasters, productivity and the environment. Under the authority of the Risk Management Committee, the Risk Management Secretariat collects information about problems from our sites and takes appropriate measures according to the risk level, such as establishing a response headquarters in order to resolve the problem as quickly as possible. Information about problems is distributed to all related departments and concerned employees. We are working to prevent risk re-occurrence by analyzing risks, developing countermeasures and raising awareness throughout the company.
1. Personnel and Educational System

Policy

We will maintain a system that allows individual employees to put their hearts into their work and experience the joy and satisfaction of achievement through their efforts and abilities.

System

We are creating a Personnel and Educational System that encourages employees to develop their abilities independently and supports their drive to achieve higher goals.

We have established a system in which employees set their own business goals twice per year. They are evaluated on their achievements as well as the work process and rewarded appropriately. Through feedback interviews, we promote individual cultivation and career discussion with superiors.

Career Management Service

In order to support individual employee career development, we conduct career design seminars. Furthermore, we have a system of subsidizing correspondence courses and the acquisition of certifications to support independent learning.

2. Occupational Safety and Health Promotion

We are conducting group-wide efforts to realize comfortable safe workplaces where employees can work with health and vigor.

Policy

(1) Occupational Safety and Health

With the goal of zero accidents, we are conducting thorough awareness training and safety education to raise the level of every employee's safety consciousness and sensitivity to danger. In addition, we are pursuing efforts to conduct thorough examination of all danger sources and strengthening workplace inspections in order to reduce the potential for accidents.

Efforts

(1) Occupational Safety and Health

Under the leadership of the Occupational Safety and Health Committee, we are promoting occupational safety and health improvement suitable to the characteristics of each workplace.

Structure of Efforts

Under the Occupational Safety and Health Organization made up of representatives of labor and management, every month the Occupational Safety and Health Committee meets. They inspect and deliberate fundamental issues related to the prevention of accidents and illnesses and the promotion of health. In cooperation with the labor union, Fujitsu Ten seeks to raise the level of occupational safety and health management.

(2) Health Promotion

In order to promote the health of each individual and support employees' efforts to independently improve mental and physical health, we are conducting health improvement efforts, mainly awareness education and individual instruction.

(2) Health Promotion

Health Examinations

In addition to annual health examinations of legally required items, all employees at the age of 35 and over the age of 40 are given examinations for adult-onset diseases in order to detect chronic illnesses early. Furthermore, before being sent abroad, during temporary returns to Japan, and after returning from foreign posts, all employees are given special examinations appropriate to the conditions of their postings, including overseas business examinations and long-term work examinations. Depending on the results of health examinations, occupational health physicians, health counselors, and other health staff give health guidance and physical and mental support to employees.

Health Counseling for the Mind and Body

In addition to health guidance, occupational health physicians and counselors (clinical psychologists) provide counseling to employees who need mental health care.

Support for Quitting Smoking

In addition to posters and individual guidance to raise health awareness about smoking, we subsidize medicines that make quitting easier in order to support employees who want to give up tobacco.

Activity Details

1. The entire company is divided into 8 divisions (groups) and each division makes up its own health management measures.
2. The annual health examination is based on the local health examination rules and procedures.
3. Close calls and critical incidents are reviewed and safety reports are conducted for each month.
4. Safety meetings are conducted by department leaders and other activities.

Environmental Data

Results of Site Efforts

Manufacturing businesses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Fiscal year</th>
<th>Amount of CO2 emissions (t-CO2)</th>
<th>Amount of energy use (heat or power equivalent/MWh)</th>
<th>Rate of waste recycling (%)</th>
<th>Amount of waste emissions (t)</th>
<th>Amount of waste emitted in process W (t)</th>
<th>Amount of water used (Mm3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FTC C</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>68.7</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETUK</td>
<td>2003</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTCG</td>
<td>2003</td>
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Sales and other businesses

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